Unemployment





What is Unemployment?



 Unemployment rate: percentage of the civilian labor force that is jobless and actively looking for work.











- Under age 16
- Those not looking for work in past 30 days
- Students
- Anyone not looking for work





Not counted as unemployed: underemployed

 Those who are working below their skill level or less hours than they would like to.

These people are counted as "employed"

"Would you like fries with that?"



Not counted as unemployed: discouraged workers

 Discouraged workers: these people lose faith in their ability to find the right job, so they give up (haven't looked for work in 30 days) This is very bad!



Types of unemployment

 Frictional: workers moving from one job to another, or looking for a job after completing education

Those who quit or get fired

 Why would this type of unemployment go down in a recession? Seasonal: linked to seasonal work, like farming and construction

The unemployment number adjusts for this



Types of unemployment

 Structural: workers lose jobs because they lack the skills needed for today's jobs

 New technology causes structural unemployment Cyclical: due to contractions in the business cycle (this is the bad kind)



Full Employment

 Full employment does not equal zero unemployment.



- Some unemployment is good!!
- FE is no unemployment caused by decreased economic activity. (no cyclical unemployment)
- A "natural rate" of unemployment is somewhere between 4-5%

Is unemployment bad?

• It's inefficient. We could be producing more than we are, therefore we are below our production possibilities curve (PPC).

